## Low Range Differential Pressure Sensor



#### Features and Benefits

- Suitable for water, steam (with pigtail) or air
- Robust construction
- 1/8" BSP female pressure connections

## **Technical Overview**

The PL-652 range of differential pressure transmitters are suitable for use with liquids and non-aggressive gases. The pressure or pressure differential to be monitored acts on a diaphragm, which in turn acts against a spring.

As a result of the pressure action and resultant diaphragm movement a permanent magnet fastened on the diaphragm moves in the direction of the hall sensor arranged outside the pressure case.

The sensor and transmitter are housed in a robust brass casing, sealed for IP65 protection.

**Product Codes** 

PL-652-0.05 4-20mA Liquid diff.pressure transmitter

0 to 50 mbar

0-10Vdc Liquid diff. pressure transmitter PL-652-0.05-V

0 to 50 mbar

Accessory

PL-652-CAL Calibration certificate Specification

Output:

PL-652-x 4-20mA

PL-652-x-V 0-10Vdc

20 to 30Vdc Supply voltage

Load:

4-20mA ≤ 300 Ohm

>10Kohm 0-10Vdc

Current consumption:

4-20mA <55mA 0-10vdc <35mA

Electrical connections Screwed terminals

Accuracy:

<±1.5% FS Linearity Hysteresis <±1.5% FS Zero point offset <±1.0% FS

0.08 % FS°C (20°C related to zero) Temp. drift

Response time <5ms

Overload:

Standard range 10 bar

Specials 20 bar Rupture pressure 30 bar

Materials in contact with the EPDM seal, brass & stainless steel

media

Temperature:

Media -10 to 80°C

Ambient -25 to 60°C (electronic pcb)

Dimensions 90 x 50mm Pressure connections 1/4" BSP female Protection **IP65** Switzerland Country of origin

EMC, CE & UKCA Marked Conformity

Please Note:

Current versions are NOT loop powered and will require a common 0V connection.

**WEEE Directive:** 



At the end of the products useful life please dispose as per the local regulations.

Do not dispose of with normal household waste

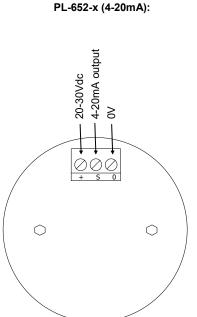


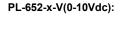
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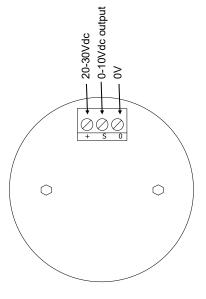
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## **Installation, Electrical Connections & Dimensions**

- 1. Fix the transmitter to the pipe using the 1/8" BSP female connections, and an isolation valve on both high and low pressure ports.
- 2. You should avoid mounting the transmitter where it will be subjected to mechanical vibration.
- 3. The sensor should be mounted vertically, this is the position that it was calibrated in.
- 4. Remove the top housing.
- 5. Expose the electrical terminals feed cable through the cable gland and connected as required (see connections below).
- 6. Re-fit top housing to the transmitter.
- 7. When power is first applied, a warming up period of 30 minutes should be allowed. This enables the sensitive electronics to stabilise.







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